



PUBLISHED DAILY AND TRI-WEEKLY BY  
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MONDAY EVENING, APRIL 3.

Senator Davis, of West Virginia, is one of the best and most successful business men of the country, is really, as would be said abroad of him, a man of affairs. In a recent interesting interview with a reporter for the Wheeling Register, he said, among many other things, that it is important for the people of this State to take to heart,

"I have seen and heard enough of what the people outside of the State think of us with reference to the charge of repudiation, and I think it would be a good deal better that we all fairly and squarely meet the question and pay our equitable and just proportion of what we owe to the State than to have the slightest stain of dishonor or repudiation on our fair reputation. The State would then be free from suspicion, and we could point with pride to our State's financial record."

When the twenty thousand white men who voted for General Mahone last fall came back, as they will do before long, to the democratic fold, Virginia will do what Mr. Davis recommends West Virginia to do; and with the stain of repudiation removed from her own fair fame, and her judiciary reinstated in its own high position, her natural attractions for capital and immigration will be enabled to exert their legitimate influence.

There could be no better time in the whole year than this opening of spring for the people of Alexandria to resolve, with one accord, to make an supreme effort to restart their city upon the road to prosperity. They have waited long enough for strangers to improve the opportunity afforded by her unsurpassed advantages, both natural and artificial, for manufacturing and commercial enterprises, and should now determine to renew their own efforts to secure the benefits which others seem loth to possess. Common sense and enterprise are all that is required to secure the desired object, as the money subject to the control of Alexandrians is amply sufficient. If only a small portion of the money owned by people living in this city, but now locked up in bonds and stocks, were put into some of the numerous safe operations that give employment to labor, it would not only bring them larger returns than it now does, but also increase the value of their real estate, and, by improving that of the whole city, permit a reduction in the rate of taxation now required to meet the expenses of the municipal government. Nothing risked, nothing gained; but the risk of manufacturing and commercial business in Alexandria is reduced to the minimum, while the gain is almost assured.

It seems that Postmaster General Howe is as little and mean in his partisanship as his immediate predecessor. About some of the people who are supposed to be in the employ of the Postoffice, in this State, deemed it safer to hand their letters to the mail agent on the train that passes through that village than to entrust them to the newly appointed red-jacketed postmaster there, he has discontinued the office, thus punishing a whole community for what at most could not be strained into a fault of a few of its members, and prostituting his position to the low purpose of small partisan revenge. The little snub exhibited by Mr. Howe in this case is surprising even to those who thought they knew him, for it is almost inconceivable that a man of mature years could be capable of such petty spite. The Postmaster General will be disappointed if he supposes that such acts will make repudiation more popular in Virginia.

In former years tobacco was the staple product not only of the whole of Virginia, but of that portion of it adjacent to this city, and of all of this section of the State. It now thrives luxuriantly in the country immediately to the north and south of that portion of the State of which this city should be the market town, and why it should not thrive in that particular portion, except for want of proper culture, is not easy to tell, especially as the yield of the little patches of it that are yearly planted around the cabins of the negroes who have come here from the tobacco growing country is fully as good as the proportionally as that of the crop on the south side of the James River. The climate and soil of Virginia, at least, have not been neglected, and as wheat and corn, owing to western competition, have ceased to be money crops, a trial of tobacco on a small scale this year might not be unprofitable.

**A SKEINING CHILD IN THE STREET.**—A little son of Mr. Charles Tucker, aged four or five years, arose from his bed while asleep, between 12 and 1 o'clock one night, last week, and after undressing two or three doors in the house, was out in the street and wandered about for some time. He finally attracted the attention of a colored man near Centre Market, who took him in custody and finding out who his parents were, carried him back to them. The case was evidently one of somnambulism, but very remarkable for a child so young. How far the little one had walked, or what would have become of him had he not been discovered, are matters of conjecture. *Petersburg Index-Advertiser.*

**THE SUCCESSFUL CANDIDATE.**—We mentioned Friday that the Commission of Engineers of this city had completed its labors. We now learn that of the three applicants, Mr. William T. Brooke, son of Col. J. M. Brooke, of the Warrenton, Va., passed the examination most creditably, and his name was recommended to the committee by whom it will be presented to a joint meeting of the council, to be held at an early day. *Norfolk Landmark.*

A wealthy Italian left for Europe last week with a view of inducing his countrymen to migrate to Arkansas, where he says he has purchased from the Government some 40,000 acres of land, said to be valuable for agricultural purposes, particularly for fruit-raising, and which he offers to sell for \$6 per acre. The land is not far from Little Rock.

At Racine, Wis., Oscar Wildo broke down in the midst of his lecture, saying he was exhausted. At nearly every other place where he lectured it was the audience that was exhausted.

FROM WASHINGTON.

Special Correspondence of the Alexandria Gazette. WASHINGTON, D. C., April 3, 1882. Judge Blatchford, Associate Justice of the Supreme Court, was sworn into office and took his seat upon the Supreme Bench to-day in the presence of a large number of spectators. The Court has decided not to hear arguments for the rest of this term after the 24th of April, and to adjourn the present term on the 8th of May. But for the temporary absence of Justice Harlan, the bench would have been full for the first time since December 21, 1878.

Among the bills introduced in the Senate to-day was one by Mr. Johnston for paying Capt. J. V. Davis, Superintendent of the Soldiers' Cemetery at Alexandria, \$500 for damages sustained by him, when he lost his own property in order to save that belonging to the Government.

The Military Committee of the Senate, in order to avoid partiality and also trouble, have agreed to report a bill repealing the U. S. statute prohibiting persons who held commissions in the Confederate service from holding commissions in the army and navy of the United States, but, notwithstanding the lapse of time since the close of the war, it is doubtful whether such a bill can pass.

The House Committee on Territories will take final action to-morrow on the bill to give Alaska a territorial form of government, and to admit Col. M. D. Ball as the Congressional Delegate from that Territory.

The District Committee has determined to pass the bill for the reclamation of the Potomac from the exclusion of all the other bills before them.

The Chinese bill was considered almost exclusively at the called meeting of the Cabinet to-day, and the rumor is that it was finally determined to send it back to Congress for amendment, notwithstanding the objection urged to such a course by the more partisan members.

Letters have been written here from several pro-republican democratic politicians in Virginia, expressing opposition, even to the extent of dilatory motions, to all the Mahone nominations that may be sent to the Senate, but such a course is not deemed advisable by the wiser Senators, for the reason that the President of the Senate has announced that unless such members are disapproved he will support them, and in this respect the republicans would be bound to vote in the end, and the democrats have to bear the odium of defeat in addition to the blame of impeding legislation.

The House District Committee determined to report adversely upon the petition of the Catholic Arch Bishop of the diocese for relieving certain property of the Catholic Church in this city from taxation.

An effort will be made to amend the army appropriation bill as to provide for the payment of damages sustained by the loyal States from Confederate raids, such as that of Morgan in Ohio, and the like, and it will have a strong republican support.

When the bill comes up for increasing the water supply of the District of Columbia by damming the waters of the Potomac at the Great Falls, Mr. Garrison will endeavor to have it amended so as to provide for the construction of fish ways at that and other places on the Potomac so as to enable fish to go to the upper waters of that and the Shenandoah river for their spawning grounds.

Among the bills introduced in the House to-day was one by Mr. Mills, of Texas, extending ex-members of the House from the floor. It is said that ex-members are now the chief agents of lobbyists and that their presence upon the floor has grown to be a perfect nuisance.

The substitute for House bill 2718 provides that \$50,000 shall be appropriated for the accommodation of the Marine Hospital service at the city of Norfolk.

It is reported here to-day that at last the fifty thousand dollars conditioned for the recent purchase of the Washington and Ohio railroad has been raised, and that a payment will be tendered to the Circuit Court of Richmond to-morrow.

Among the fish now seen on the fish benches in the market here are some fine specimens of the blue carp which were small when swept out of the rippling ponds here during the freshest winter before last, but which have thriven so well in the waters of the Potomac that they are now large fish. They are caught at the fisheries now in operation near the city. They are too good for a good table fish.

**Attempted Suicide.**—Mr. John T. Mason attempted to commit suicide in Baltimore early yesterday morning by taking a dose of opium. At an early hour he entered the office of the Western Union Telegraph Company, on the corner of Baltimore and Calvert streets, and lay upon the office, fell into a stupor. The boys aroused him, and while they were trying to get him to leave the office, he stated that he had taken poison with the intention of ending his life, and desired to be left alone. The boys were alarmed at his actions, and notified two policemen in the neighborhood, who recognized him as Mr. John T. Mason. Mr. Mason stated, in answer to their inquiries, that he had taken a large dose of opium with the intention of committing suicide. He added that he had taken it at the Ross House, and had begun to feel the effects of it when he entered the telegraph office. He was taken to the City Hospital, and upon his arrival refused to aid the physicians in their efforts to save his life. He refused to take any emetic, and placed his hands firmly over his mouth, and it was only by the use of violent efforts on their part that emetics were forced between his teeth. The physicians worked for over an hour, but when he was more comfortable, all day yesterday they continued their efforts, and last night he was much easier, although not entirely out of danger. Mr. Mason was well supplied with money, handsomely dressed and wore a massive watch and chain. He is well known in society circles. His suicidal attempt is generally believed to be owing to temporary mental aberration.

**THE SUMMIT OF THE BARTS.**—Adolphus Schlegelwelt calls the highland of Pamir "die Welt Zinne"—the roof of the world. On the road from Peshawar to Yarkand four passes have to be crossed that are higher than 17,000 feet, and for a distance of two hundred and eighty miles the halting ground is not below the height of Pike's Peak. On the eastern plateau of the Belur-Dagh there is a shelter house near a cliff from whose summit the main chain of the Himalayas with all its giant peaks and immeasurable fields is in full view from the highland of Lhasa to the sources of the Indus, while in the west the headwaters of the Oxus and Jaxartes can be traced to the borders of Gashan, where the peaks of the Hindoo-Koosh rise like a crown of everlasting snow. In spring the echo of the waterfalls resembles the boom of continuous thunder, and in winter the storm-wind sweeps the tableland, whirling pillars of snow which ascend along the ridges, and often seem to dance together like specters in their glittering windings. Our "Land of the Sky" in the Southern Hemisphere must be a mere piazza compared with that top-roof of the earth.

The mayor of Richmond has sent to the District of Columbia commissioners a letter of thanks for the quick response of the authorities there to the summons of Sunday week. He hopes at some future date to offer the Washington firemen "more agreeable courtesies" than the occasion on which they came to honor Richmond with their presence.

Letter from Richmond.

[Correspondence of the Alexandria Gazette.] RICHMOND, April 1.—The Readinger introduced another judiciary bill, this time in the House, did not touch upon that question to-day. Mr. Stratton, who ran the bill in from Goochland. This bill provides for twelve circuits. As has been stated there are numerous bills upon the calendar which are far ahead of any bill which may be introduced now. To take a bill up out of its order will require a two-thirds vote, which the Mahoneites cannot get. There is one other way by which they may push the matter forward, that is they can pass every bill by as it comes up until they reach the last bill on the calendar. This would require simply a majority vote which they can muster in the House. But even to do this will require much time, and they might have to damage some of their other party measures. The trouble is that many members of the Readinger party have conscientious misgivings about this measure. Some voted for it simply because they considered that they were bound by their participation in the caucus to stand by its measures. More than one member of the House who has been ranked as a staunch Readinger has felt relieved at the failure of the bill to pass the Senate. They know it puts their party in an unfavorable attitude. The only event of note to either House to-day was the discussion of Mr. Lyne's resolution for a committee to investigate the allegations of bribery and corruption which he thought had been hinted at in the Whig. As to these railroad bills there is still a large number on the calendar while an equal large number are in committee. The Danville railroad bill about which so much discussion has been had, on its original shape authorized the company to pay of its indebtedness to the State in Riddell's terms. The House, however, amended the bill so as to provide that this privilege should be granted to the company only upon condition that it should relinquish its exemption from taxation. It is now said that the company will upon condition of the passage of the bill agree to pay into the treasury the sum of \$12,000 per annum. If such agreement is put down in black and white there will doubtless be no trouble on the part of the company in paying the measure through. The colored people do not seem to relish the treatment of the prominent members of their race in the Petersburg district by Mahone. Mr. Bill, whose prices were so richly rewarded by the Mahoneites when he was elected Dog-keeper of the Senate two years ago is now turned out of his place in the Custom House at Petersburg by order of the Bes. Bill is one of the most popular colored men in Petersburg and it is only necessary to refer to the utterances of Mahone himself, in his own two years ago, to find a record of this high character and official trustworthiness of this same colored man who he has now turned out of office. This matter is beginning to open the eyes of the colored men and some of the colored members of the Legislature are beginning to discover that the love of the poor negro and the determination to push him forward have some variation so far as Mahone is concerned. The few measures sought to be enacted by Mahone were simply done to catch the vote of his dupes. Now they realize this. Senator Stevens, one of the most popular colored members of the Legislature, is frequently mentioned in connection with the place of Congressman from the Second district. Jorgensen will fail to get in this time. The negroes do not want him, Mahone does not want him and certainly the Democrats do not care to have him as their representative in Congress. The Second district perhaps holds a larger number of colored men of ability than any other district in the State. Mr. Harris and Stevens being conspicuous and it is generally assumed that one of the three will get the nomination if the colored people put forward their ticket.

It is said that Mr. Frazier, the delegate from Rockbridge, will be made Treasurer of the Virginia Military Institute. He lives in that district, and so far as known has no competitor for the place.

Two members of the House were granted leave of absence to-day. Some hours were expended in that would leave the body without a quorum, but upon a point it was found that there would still be working members.

Both Drs. May and Bryant, of Petersburg, are mentioned in connection with the vacancy occasioned by the death of Dr. Brooke, Superintendent of the Central Lunatic Asylum. The Board will meet at 10 o'clock to fill the place; the meantime the assistant physician, Dr. Ferguson, colored, is now superintending. The friends of color that by right of promotion he should be made Superintendent. The death of Dr. Brooke was particularly sad. He was only six or four hours.

**AN EXCITING EXPERIENCE.**—Dick Sullivan, who fell sixty feet from the roof of the Visitation Convent at a fire a few weeks since, was down twice recently and while still using a crutch, he is able to get around. He said that when he first let his foot hold on the roof he fell forward on his face and commenced to slide down. There was nothing to catch to, but still there was hope. Every obstacle was grabbed at. When the gutters were reached Mr. Sullivan made a desperate effort to hold on to it, but it gave way. Then he knew no more, and was instantly crushed on the brick pavement below. Mr. Sullivan says that when he was sliding down the roof he never expected to see the sun shine or hear the voice of a friend, and during the time he could not help thinking of what a horrible death he would meet.

**A REMARKABLE DISCOVERY.**—Mr. G. M. Marsden, of Pennsylvania, who has been in Norfolk county for some time past prospecting for minerals, has recently discovered near Burkeville Junction, about fourteen feet under the ground, a stone wall which is twelve feet high and five feet thick. As yet about thirty feet of the wall has been unearthed and is remarkably well preserved. The mortar is of some peculiar composition which cures when placed in the sunlight. The wall is embedded in the sand which has led many of the good people of Norfolk to surmise that it was built before the flood, and was at one time lashed by the waters of the great deep. Perhaps Sir Charles Lyell could throw some light on the subject, but as it is hardly probable that he will find himself to visit Norfolk, even if the article should come under his observation, we must content ourselves with crude speculation as to its origin. The wall has attracted much attention in its immediate vicinity and has been visited by hundreds of people.

**THE JUDICIARY BILL.**—The object of the democrats in ajourning the Senate on Saturday was to prevent the reading of from availing themselves of the constitutional point in regard to the failure to read the judiciary bill a third time on Thursday. The adjournment put it out of the power of the majority to read the bill, and the question is as to whether the advance will be submitted to by the contractors will probably be settled. Of the 2,000 members of the Union in the city only about 200 are getting \$50, and the advance will effect 1,800 workmen.

**Bricklayers' Strike.** PHILADELPHIA, April 3.—There will be a crisis in the labor movement in this city to-day. The order of the Bricklayers' Union advancing wages to \$3.50 per day will go into effect, and the question is as to whether the advance will be submitted to by the contractors will probably be settled. Of the 2,000 members of the Union in the city only about 200 are getting \$50, and the advance will effect 1,800 workmen.

**Shower of Vitriol.** PHILADELPHIA, April 3.—Miss Mollie Boyer, a beautiful girl of seventeen, was brutally drowned with vitriol on Saturday evening, about 1 o'clock, when she was entering her father's residence. The awful liquid struck her almost full in the face, and burned like coals of fire into the tender flesh. Miss Mollie was killed by the blistering shower, and fell with a cry of agony into the arms of her sister, who had come to the door to admit her. The motive for such an outrageous assault is shrouded in mystery. Mr. John E. Keys and his wife occupy the house from which the vitriol was thrown. Mrs. Keys is suspected of having thrown the vitriol.

**Sergeant Mason.** WASHINGTON, April 3.—The Supreme Court of the U. S. granted this afternoon the prayer of James M. Lyddy of New York, for leave to file a petition for writ of habeas corpus and certiorari in the Sergeant Mason court martial and awarded a rule to show cause returnable on 17th of April, when the court will hear argument as to the jurisdiction.

TO-DAY'S TELEGRAPH NEWS

**To Day's Congressional Proceedings.** SENATE. Mr. Voorhees, from the joint select committee on library, reported a joint resolution appropriating \$10,000 for a monument over the grave of Thomas Jefferson at Monticello, Va., passed.

Mr. Garland, from the Committee on the Judiciary, reported favorably the bill to secure the safe keeping of money paid into court. Bills were introduced as follows:

By Mr. Morgan: To modify the appellate jurisdiction of the Supreme Court of the U. S.; also to define the rights of citizens of the U. S. in, and when residing in foreign countries. Referred to Committee on Foreign Affairs.

Mr. Voorhees submitted and had read by the Secretary, a resolution declaring that the conduct of the State Department in relation to the arrest and imprisonment of Daniel McSweeney and other American citizens by the British authorities is in violation of American law, inconsistent with the values of American citizenship and derogatory to the honor of the U. S. Temporarily tabled at Mr. Voorhees's request subject to his call.

Mr. Marsden, from the Committee on Public Lands, reported an original bill increasing the salary of the Commissioner of the general land office to \$5,000 per annum, and providing for the appointment of an assistant Commissioner of general land office and of five inspectors of Surveyors General and District land offices at annual salaries of \$3,000 each. He said the Committee had not yet matured but would hereafter report a bill to erect the office of Commissioner of the general land office into a Department of the Government.

The presidential count-bill which is the undischarged business, was laid aside temporarily. HOUSE. Petitions were presented and referred as follows:

By Mr. Kasson, of Iowa, petition of Dr. Agnew and other physicians for the free importation of natural mineral waters.

By Mr. Williams, of Wis., petition of citizens of Wisconsin asking for commission on the subject of the alcoholic liquor traffic.

Under the call of states the following bills were introduced and referred:

By Mr. B. H. Ford, of Cal., to admit, free of duty, articles intended for the national industrial exhibition to be held at Denver during the present year.

By Mr. Sherman, of Ill., to aid in the support of common schools.

By Mr. Updegraff, of Iowa, to establish a board of commissioners of interstate commerce.

By Mr. Robison, of N. J., by request, to modify the appellate jurisdiction of the U. S. Supreme Court.

By Mr. Atkins, of Tenn., authorizing the Secretary of the Treasury to apply the public revenue to the payment of the public debt.

By Mr. Mills, of Texas, resolution so to amend the rules as to exclude from the privileges of the floor ex-members of Congress.

By Mr. Murphy, of Maine, calling for information relative to the non enforcement of the 8th hour law.

Mr. Crapo, of Mass., moved to suspend the rules and adopt a resolution making the bill to extend the corporate existence of National banking associations, a continuing special order for April 5th.

Some opposition was manifested by several members to the resolution.

Attacked By Negroes

GRAYSON SPRINGS, KY., April 3.—W. E. Erwin, a traveling salesman from Cincinnati and C. L. Tracy of New York were attacked by three negroes while driving through a wild piece of country between Mammoth Springs and this place. The negroes were armed only with knives and brass knuckles. The travelers used revolvers and killed one negro and disabled another and the third escaped. It is supposed that they belong to a gang of robbers.

Almost a Panic.

PHILADELPHIA, Pa., April 3.—Excitement ran so high in the Stock Board this morning that the adding of a little more fuel to the flame would have precipitated a panic. As it was, the greatest excitement prevailed, and it was not until the chairman had impeded a number of times that any sort of order was maintained. There were all sorts of rumors that growing out of the Vanderbilt scandal.

The Flood at the South

NEW ORLEANS, La., April 3.—There was a rise in the waters of twelve inches during the twenty-four hours ending at midnight yesterday, and the previous estimate of the probable rise will perhaps be exceeded by several feet. The situation is becoming more alarming. Accounts from other flooded sections are to the same effect.

Five Boys Buried Alive.

PROSVILLE, Pa., April 3.—Saturday afternoon, about 4 o'clock, five boys were playing in a sand and gravel quarry near Prosville, a small station on the Philadelphia and Reading R.R. They were digging a hole, when the top of the hole, covering them all up, a short time after several men were passing by, when they noticed a pair of feet protruding from the sand. They went to work to remove the sand, and three boys were taken out dead.

Germany and Sweden.

LONDON, April 3.—A Paris dispatch to the Times says: Gen. Ignatieff, the Russian Minister of the Interior, professes to have information that a treaty exists between Germany and Sweden, according to which, in the event of a war between Russia and Germany, Sweden will lend her fleet to the latter, receiving Finland if the allies are victorious.

Fatal Affray.

ST. LOUIS, Mo., April 3.—While Charles Fischer and a man named Trotter were riding side by side on horseback, near Poplar station, on the Cairo Branch of the Iron Mountain R.R., on Saturday afternoon, they got into an altercation about some business transaction, when Trotter drew a knife and stabbed Fischer to the heart, killing him.

Terrible Accident.

READING, Pa., April 3.—About 2 o'clock Saturday afternoon this section of country was visited by a terrible wind storm, accompanied with heavy rain, lasting for about one hour. During which time three persons were killed and several others injured, two of them perhaps fatally.

Fatally Stabbed.

DENVER, Col., April 3, 1882.—In the Tivoli Variety Theatre Saturday night James Mulligan, an actor, cast some reflections upon the character of the wife of Arthur Sheppard, stage manager, and was stabbed and fatally wounded by Sheppard.

Fire.

STOCKTON, Cal., April 3.—A fire yesterday destroyed Sperry & Co.'s large lumber mill and warehouse, containing an immense quantity of grain. Several other buildings adjoining and their contents were also burned. The total loss is estimated at \$200,000.

Fatal Accident.

NEW YORK, April 3.—Matthew Schwickert, a German, aged 35, while at work on some new buildings on 10th avenue was struck in the head by a falling beam this morning and is badly killed.

Suicide.

LANCASTER, Pa., April 3.—George Blymer, a resident of this city, committed suicide to-day, throwing himself in front of a freight train. Domestic trouble was supposed to be the cause of the act.

Snow Storm.

ST. JOHNS, N. F., April 3.—A great snow storm has been raging since 12 o'clock last night and there are no indication of a cessation at present.

Rebellion in Corea.

LONDON, April 3.—The Times says it is reported that there is a rebellion in Corea.

Hanlan Victorious.

LONDON, April 3.—Hanlan won the boat race to-day by four lengths.

VIRGINIA NEWS.

Mr. Thomas Kane was run over by a train of flat-cars on the York-River road Saturday and instantly killed.

Miss Jennie Latham Stabler died at Lynchburg on Friday of heart-disease. She was a lady of fine literary attainments.

The Montgomery woolen factory in Frederick county, owned by Mr. Hoffman, was entirely destroyed by fire Thursday last, with all its contents.

The farm belonging to the estate of Mrs. Sally Timberlake, near White Post Clarke Co., 158 acres, has been bought by Mr. Finkhouse, of Frederick county, for \$35,600 per acre.

Col. Henry E. Peyton, of Loudoun county, has received an invitation from the Ladies' Memorial Association, of Atlanta, Georgia, to deliver the oration in that city on "Memorial Day," April 26.

The Fredericksburg Guards have been assigned to the Third Virginia Regiment, Col. C. C. Wertenbaker commanding, and is now Company G, of that regiment.

Quite a large number of handsome blooded race horses arrived in Norfolk on Friday from Charleston, S. C., and were shipped during the afternoon by steamer to Washington, where they were entered for the Spring races which will soon come off.

The semi-annual report of the Danville Tobacco Association shows that there have been sold in the Danville market since the 1st of October 13,700,000 pounds of leaf tobacco at an average of \$9.57 per 100 pounds, against 12,900,000 pounds at an average of \$9 for the same period of last year.

It takes over one hundred pairs of gloves to assure the grief of the Brooklyn officials over the death of an alderman, whose life might have been saved by a single bottle of Dr. Williams' Cough Syrup.

The Markets.

BALTIMORE, April 3.—Virginia Co. deferred—do consolidated 65; do 2d series—1st—Cotton quiet; middlings 12 1/2; Flour quiet and firm; Howard street and Western super 4 1/2; do extra 5 00; do 50; do family 3 75; City Mills super 3 60; do 3 40; do 3 20; do 3 00; do 2 80; do 2 60; do 2 40; do 2 20; do 2 00; do 1 80; do 1 60; do 1 40; do 1 20; do 1 00; do 80; do 60; do 40; do 20; do 10; do 5; do 2 1/2; do 1 1/2; do 3/4; do 1/2; do 1/4; do 1/8; do 1/16; do 1/32; do 1/64; do 1/128; do 1/256; do 1/512; do 1/1024; do 1/2048; do 1/4096; do 1/8192; do 1/16384; do 1/32768; do 1/65536; do 1/131072; do 1/262144; do 1/524288; do 1/1048576; do 1/2097152; do 1/4194304; do 1/8388608; do 1/16777216; do 1/33554432; do 1/67108864; do 1/134217728; do 1/268435456; do 1/536870912; do 1/1073741824; do 1/2147483648; do 1/4294967296; do 1/8589934592; do 1/17179869184; do 1/34359738368; do 1/68719476736; do 1/137438953472; do 1/274877906944; do 1/549755813888; do 1/1099511627776; do 1/2199023255552; do 1/4398046511104; do 1/8796093022208; do 1/17592186044416; do 1/35184372088832; do 1/70368744177664; do 1/140737488355328; do 1/281474976710656; do 1/562949953421312; do 1/1125899906842624; do 1/2251799813685248; do 1/4503599627370496; do 1/9007199254740992; do 1/18014398509481984; do 1/36028797018963968; do 1/72057594037927936; do 1/144115188075855872; do 1/288230376151711744; do 1/576460752303423488; do 1/1152921504606846976; do 1/2305843009213693952; do 1/4611686018427387904; do 1/9223372036854775808; do 1/18446744073709551616; do 1/36893488147419103232; do 1/73786976294838206464; do 1/147573952589676412928; do 1/295147905179352825856; do 1/590295810358705651712; do 1/1180591620717411303424; do 1/2361183241434822606848; do 1/4722366482869645213696; do 1/9444732965739290427392; do 1/18889465931478580854784; do 1/37778931862957161709568; do 1/75557863725914323419136; do 1/151115727451828646838272; do 1/302231454903657293676544; do 1/604462909807314587353088; do 1/1208925819614629174706176; do 1/2417851639229258349412352; do 1/4835703278458516698824704; do 1/9671406556917033397649408; do 1/19342813113834066795298816; do 1/38685626227668133590597632; do 1/77371252455336267181195264; do 1/154742504910672534362390528; do 1/309485009821345068724781056; do 1/6189700196426901